

WATER AND CLIMATE MEETING OF THE GREAT RIVERS OF THE WORLD: THE AMAZON RIVER



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BOLIVIA

BRASIL

COLOMBIA ECUADOR

GUYANA

PERÚ

SURINAME VENEZUELA

THE AMAZON





6% OF THE TERRESTRIAL SURFACE OF THE PLANET

approx. 7.5 Million km²

LARGEST TROPICAL FOREST AND MEGADIVERSE REGION IN THE

40.000 Plant species identified



20% OF ALL FRESH WATER DISCHARGED INTO THE OCEANS COMES FROM THE AMAZON BASIN

220.000 m³ per second

40 MILLION INHABITANTS

COEBA

385 inigenous peoples,

86 languages, 650 dialects and

71 references of non-contacted indigenous peoples

THE AMAZON



The Amazon forest:

- Giant consumer of heat, absorbing half of the solar energy by means of water evaporation in its foliage.
- Carbon sink, accumulating an enormous amount of carbon dioxide that can easily be released into the atmosphere by deforestation and forest fires.
- Volume of water discharged in the Atlantic Ocean is sufficient to affect some of the major ocean flows, which are the basis of regulation of the global climate system.

Key role for the global climate balance

ACTO / OTCA



The Amazon Cooperation Treaty - 39 years of South-South cooperation experience

The Organization was established in 1998 - most important socio-environmental bloc of countries in the Americas

Permanent forum for cooperation, exchange and knowledge

Amazonian Strategic Cooperation Agenda

REGIONAL COOPERATION



- A. Comprehensive management of natural resources and biodiversity
- B. Productive systems and ecosystem services/environmental functions
- C. Comprehensive management of the territory and empowerment of local communities
- D. Capacity building and exchange of experiences.

MANAGEMENT OF TRANSBOUNDARY WATER RESOURCES

SHARED VISION

8.700 Opinion surveys

8 National Visions

TRANSBOUNDARY DIAGNOSTIC

9 PRIORITY PROBLEMS AGREED STRATEGIC ACTION PROGRAM

CONSIDERING CLIMATE CHANGE











9 REGIONAL TRANSBOUNDARY ISSUES

WATER POLLUTION

DEFORESTATION

LOSS OF BIODIVERSITY

EXTREME HYDROCLIMATIC EVENTS











9 REGIONAL TRANSBOUNDARY ISSUES

EROSION AND SEDIMENT TRANSPORT

LAND USE CHANGE

LOSS OF GLACIERS

LARGE INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS

WATER GOVERNANCE











3 STRATEGIC LINES OF ACTION

- I. Strengthening IWRM: water quality, groundwater use and protection, deforestation, biodiversity, erosion, land use.
- II. Adaptation to Climate Change and Variability: monitoring and early warning systems, protection of coastal zones and glaciers.
- III. Knowledge Management: regional information platform, rainwater collection and agrotechnologies, cultural activities.













MANAGEMENT OF TRANSBOUNDARY WATER RESOURCES

HYDROCLIMATIC VULNERABILITY ATLAS

Assessment of vulnerability to extreme hydro-climatic phenomena: susceptibility and adaptive capacity / 5 levels of vulnerability.

INTEGRATED INFORMATION SYSTEM

Technological platform facilitating information management, access to official national and regional data on IWRM and interinstitutional coordination

CONSIDERING CLIMATE CHANGE











TRINATIONAL EARLY WARNING SYSTEM Adaptation in the MAP Region

- > Trinational integrated database supporting risk and vulnerability assessment and decision-making.
- Ecological risk index mapping environmental stressors and risk areas.
- > Trinational field expedition and verification.
- ➤ Early warning and communication system based on TerraMA2 platform (INPE/Brazil).

BOLIVIA - BRAZIL - PERU







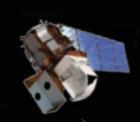




- Regional basic monitoring network project 73 monitoring points / pilot project 6 points.
- Technical capacity building and coordination in hydro-sedimentology, data collection platforms, extreme events.
- > Information exchange for effective WR monitoring.
- > South-South Cooperation / ANA Brazil-ABC financing.

BOLIVIA - COLOMBIA - PERU







MONITORING FOREST COVER IN THE AMAZON REGION

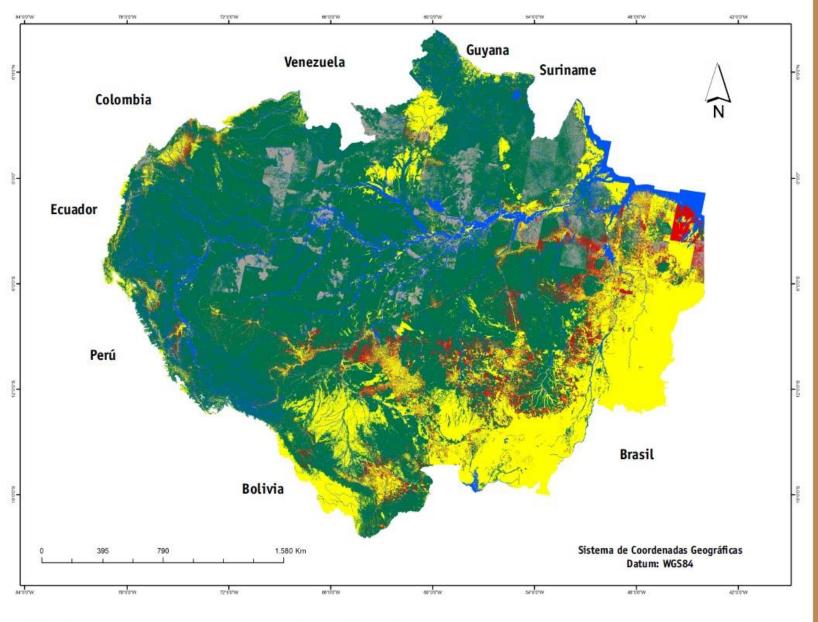
- Development and implementation of forest cover monitoring systems in the Amazon
- Strengthening existing regional coordination platforms for forest management;
- Combating deforestation and containing the advances of global warming.

7 Observation Rooms providing national data for Regional Maps of Amazonian Deforestation: 2000 -2010, 2010 -2013, 2013 -2014.

7 National forest cover monitoring plans.

MAPA DE DEFORESTACIÓN DE LA AMAZONIA REGIONAL - 2014

AMAZON REGION DEFORESTATION MAP

















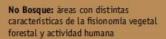


LEYENDA LEGEND

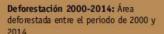


Bosque: área con alta densidad forestal y cubierta de copa continua, formando dosel, nativa poco alterada

Forest: high density forest area and continous crown cover, forming canopy, native and little change



No Forest: areas with different features from the forests physiognomy and human activity



Deforestation 2000-2014: deforested area between 2000 and 2014

Nubes / Sin Información: zonas no observadas o sin información debido a la presencia de cubertura de nubes

Clouds / No information: areas without information or unobserved due to the presence of cloud cover

Hidrografia: Cualquier presencia de aguas superficiales en el área, incluyendo mares, lagos, ríos, lagunas y bahías

Hydrography: Any presence of surface water in the area, including seas, lakes, rivers, lagoons and bays

MAPA DE UBICACIÓN América del Sur

Localization Map - South America





